

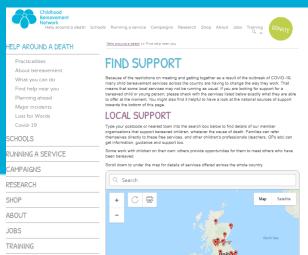
Bereavement in Childhood:

Alison Penny,
Director, Childhood Bereavement Network



- Who we are and what we do
- Childhood bereavement in 'usual' times
- The impact of COVID-19 and lockdown
- Resources and suggestions





What we do

- Signposting
- Supporting professionals

Jack Wills

Bereavement services: planning as lockdown eases Bereavement services across the country responded very quickly to the lockdown by adapting and converting the support they offer, often very hurriedly and with little time to reflect and prepare. The easing of lockdown brings a whole new set of questions for organisations to consider. While there is pressure to resume services quickly, it is important to take time to consider and learn from what has worked well and what has worked less well during this extraordinary time. That includes thinking about which suspended services to resume, and which new services to retain. These prompts, developed by Fiona Pope at St Barnabas House Hospice, may be a useful starting point for discussions. Involving managers, staff, volunteers, bereaved people and trustees will give

you a range of perspectives Suspended services

- What services have you put on hold during the pandemic?
- What was the impact on bereaved people using your services? Were any groups particularly
 affected, either positively or negatively?
- What was the impact on staff and volunteers?
- What risks were incurred and what costs were saved by doing this? What evidence do you have of demand to restart this service?
- If you do restart this service, how will you comply with current and future measures to reduce the spread of coronavirus?

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Adv(Is someone you love very ill?

Ideas to help you stay connected when you can't visit

It can be so hard when someone you love is seriously ill and you can't visit them. Even though they are surrounded by people who are caring gently and kindly for them, it can be very tough to be apart from them. Here are some ways that you can feel closer together, and look after yourself. Tick the ones you feel like trying, and keep this as a reminder.

Gene appr



music or exercise

are closed

Our school is Growing in Grief Awareness

Published by CBN at the National Children's Bureau reg. charity 258825, to help young people during the COVID19 outbreak For more ideas and local and national support organisations, email cbn@ncb.org.u

be apart

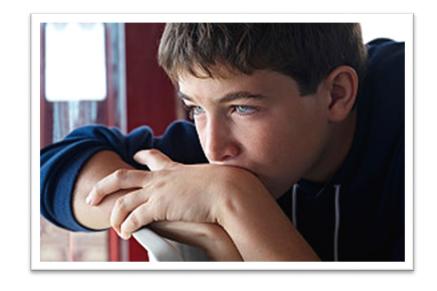




Outline

- Numbers of bereaved children
- Risks of bereavement
- What helps

 1 in 29 five to sixteen year olds in Great Britain have been bereaved of a parent, brother or sister – roughly one per class (Fauth et al, 2009)



- 70% of primary schools have at least one recently bereaved pupil on roll (Holland, 1993)
- ¾ of 11-16 year olds have been bereaved of someone close to them (Harrison and Harrington, 2001)



In Northern Ireland

- Around 800 parents died last year, leaving dependent children – that's one every 11 hours
- Around 1500 children and young people were bereaved of a parent last year (approx.30 per week, 4 per day)



Common reactions

- Anxiety
- Vivid memories
- Sleep difficulties
- Sadness and longing
- Anger and acting out behaviour
- Guilt, self-reproach and shame
- School problems
- Physical complaints

Also find:

- Regressive behaviour
- Social isolation
- Fantasies
- Personality changes
- Pessimism about the future
- Preoccupation with cause and meaning
- Sense of maturation and growth (Dyregrov 2008)



Potential risks of bereavement

- Physical health
- Early mortality
- Health behaviours
- Emotional and mental health
- Education 'opposite effects' (Ribbens McCarthy 2005)

Attendance Bullying Concentration

- Employment
- Involvement in the criminal justice system



Sense of growth and meaning

'I mean I love my life as it is now and I know it's been hard and I know I haven't been the greatest person but I do think I've grown and I'm the person that I am now because my dad died, and I'd like to think that he'd be proud of me for who I am'. (13 years on)

'I mean you experience your lows but once you've experienced the lows the happiness is, you sort of appreciate it more'. (11 years on)

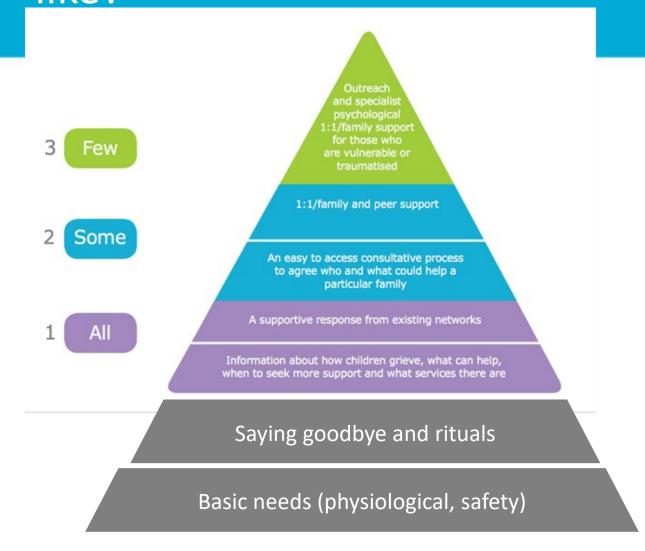


Children and young people say that the following things can help

- having the death acknowledged
- having age-appropriate information about what has happened and what is going to happen
- having the chance to express feelings and thoughts
- being helped to remember
- taking part in opportunities to say goodbye and commemorate the person who has died
- knowing they are not to blame
- meeting others.

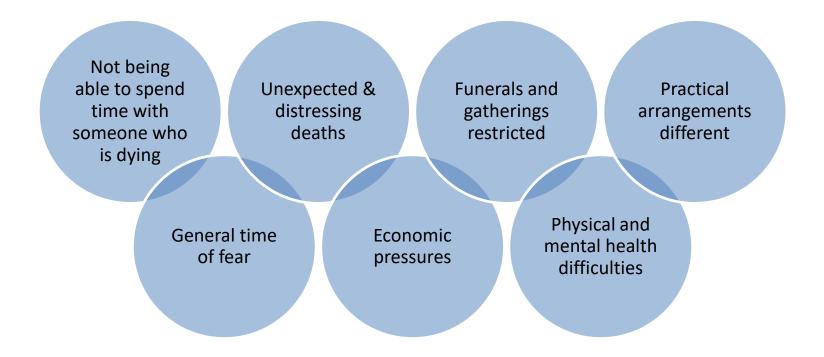


What does good support look like?





- 1. More deaths
- 2. Deaths in more complex circumstances





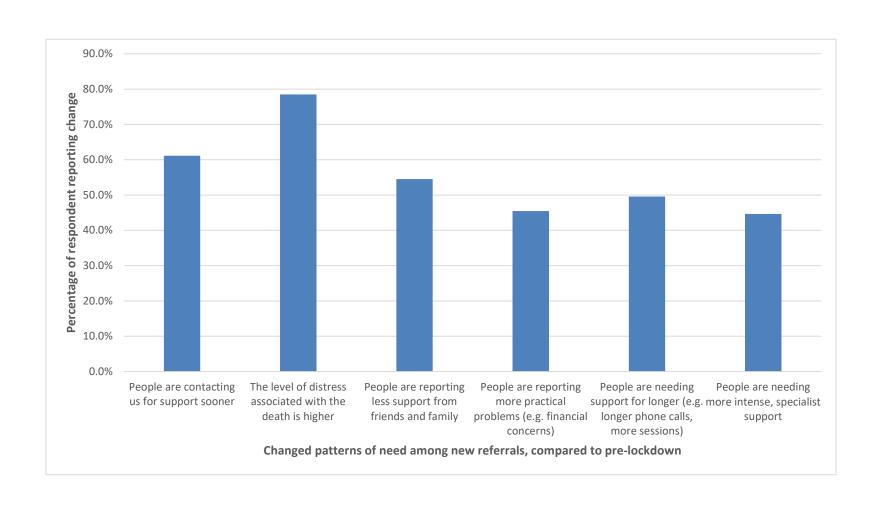
Workbook:

http://www.hscbereav ementnetwork.hscni.n et/wpcontent/uploads/2020 /04/Saying-Goodbyeworkbook-forchildren-Final-04_20.pdf

Film:

https://www.youtube.c om/watch?v=SnIYOb meAZE







3. Support provided in different ways

- Remote rather than 'in-room'
- Some services stopped
- Some started
- Challenges around visiting schools
- Challenges around supporting younger children remotely

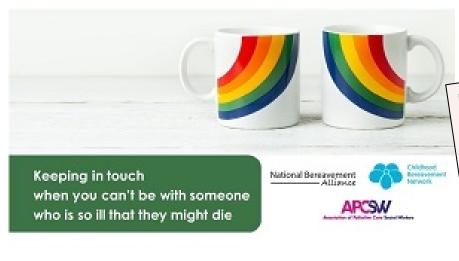


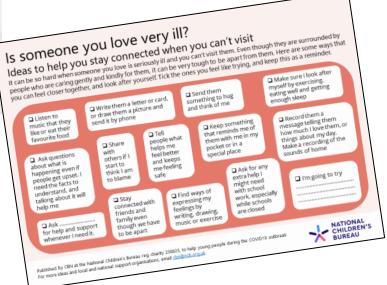
4. Support more precarious

- Income expected to fall
- Income expected to go further
- Referrals dropped but now largely recovered
- Managers expecting demand to increase September –
 December and beyond



Resources to help: staying connected and saying goodbye





http://www.childhoodbereavementnetwork.org.uk/help-around-a-death/covid-19.aspx



Resources to help: a supportive response from existing networks



http://www.childhoodbereavementnetwork. org.uk/help-around-a-death/what-you-can-do/for-young-people.aspx



Resources to help: support for those providing specialist & targeted support

- Monthly webinars: register <u>here</u>. Next session 1
 October 12-1 on Approaches to supporting those bereaved during the pandemic
- Training and events from our members <u>here</u>
- Prompts

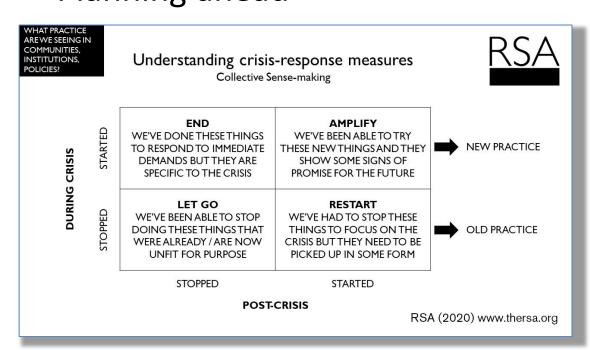


Resources to help: support for those providing specialist & targeted support

National Bereavement



Planning ahead



https://www.thersa.org/discover/publications-andarticles/rsa-blogs/2020/04/change-covid19-response

Bereavement services:

planning as lockdown eases

ting the support they offer, often very hurriedly and with little time to reflect and prepare.

The easing of lockdown brings a whole new set of questions for organisations to consider. While there is pressure to resume services quickly, it is important to take time to consider and learn from what has worked well and what has worked less well during this extraordinary time. That includes thinking about which suspended services to resume, and which new services to retain

These prompts, developed by Fiona Pope at St Barnabas House Hospice, may be a useful starting point for discussions. Involving managers, staff, volunteers, bereaved people and trustees will give you a range of perspectives.

Suspended services

- What services have you put on hold during the pandemic?
- What was the impact on bereaved people using your services? Were any groups particularly affected, either positively or negatively?
- What was the impact on staff and volunteers?
- What risks were incurred and what costs were saved by doing this?
- What evidence do you have of demand to restart this service?
- . If you do restart this service, how will you comply with current and future measures to reduce the spread of coronavirus?

- Where did you get the idea to do this?
- How well has your new service been received by bereaved people, staff and volunteers.
- What costs and risks have you incurred as a result?
- . What evidence do you have of ongoing need for / demand for the service?
- What evidence do you have the new service's effectiveness in meeting bereaved people's needs? What outcomes have you been able to measure?
- Can you compare these outcomes to those achieved by your old service?

As lockdown eases

- · Are there changes you can introduce to improve what you used to do
- Will you continue to operate your new services?
- Is there an opportunity to develop a new wave of services that meet bereaved people' needs? Who will you involve in this re-design?
- What will your own service's resources be in terms of people, money, time and energy? How will you allocate these?
- . What new partnerships could you develop to best meet bereaved people's needs in you

http://www.childhoodb ereavementnetwork.or g.uk/running-aservice/covid-19.aspx

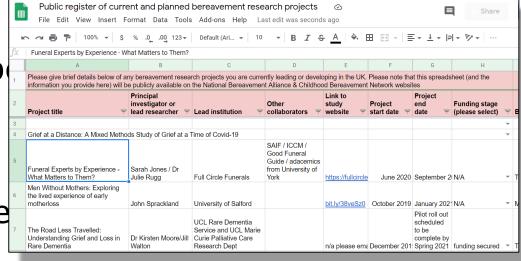
Childhood Bereavement Network

Resources to help: research

 Setting out what we know about <u>perceived research</u> gaps and <u>priorities</u>

- Central point for <u>information sharing</u> ab studies planned and underway
- Meetings for researche in the field







Resources to help

http://www.childhoodbereavementnetwork.org.uk/covid-19.aspx



Children's Grief Awareness Week

Children's Grief Awareness Week 19-26 November

Do join in! www.childhoodbereavementnetwork.org.uk

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